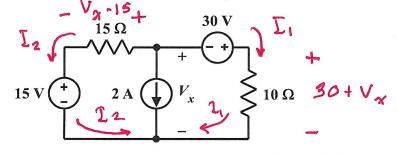
By writing or printing my name in the space above, I hereby affirm that I have neither given nor received assistance in preparing solutions for this exam.

EE 2240

Exam #1

Due by 9:15AM, Tuesday, September 28, 2021 [open book, open notes, calculator and computer allowed – no internet access] *Work must be neat, orderly, and complete in order to receive partial credit. PLEASE* submit your solutions as a single PDF file.

1. Use any method to determine the numerical value of V_x .

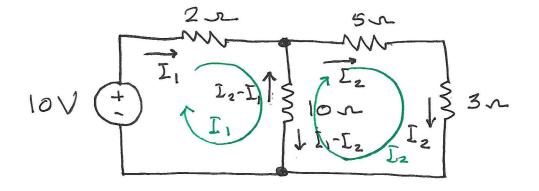


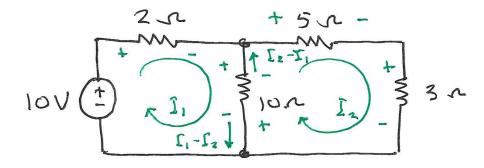
$$I_1 = \frac{30 + V_{\pi}}{10}$$
 $I_2 = \frac{V_{\pi}^{-15}}{15}$

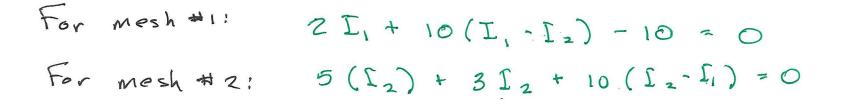
I, + I2+ 220

$$3 + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{10} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{15} - 1 + 2 = 0$$

 $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{6} = -4$
 $\sqrt{x} = -24$ V







$$\begin{bmatrix} 12 & -10 \\ -10 & 18 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Cramer's Rule:

$$I_{1} = \frac{10 - 10}{12 - 10} = \frac{(10 \times 18) - (-10 \times 0)}{(12 \times 18) - (-10)(-10)}$$

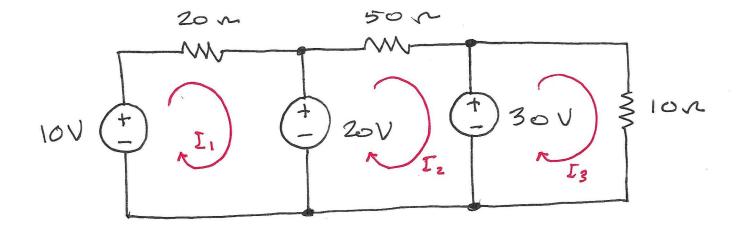
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$$= \frac{45}{29} A$$

$$\int_{2}^{2} = \frac{112}{10} \frac{10}{01} = \frac{0 - (-100)}{116}$$

$$= \frac{100}{116} = \frac{25}{29} A$$

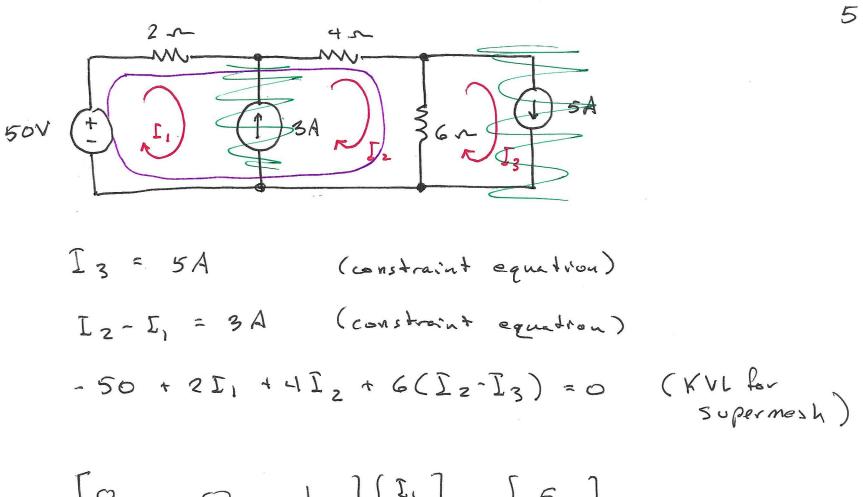


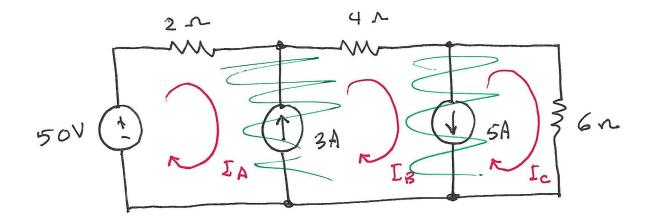
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Mesh 1: $-10 + 20 I_1 + 20 = 0$ Mesh 2: $-20 + 50 I_2 + 30 = 0$ Mesh 3: $-30 + 10 I_3 = 0$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 20 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 50 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 10 \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 - 20 \\ 20 - 30 \\ 30 \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

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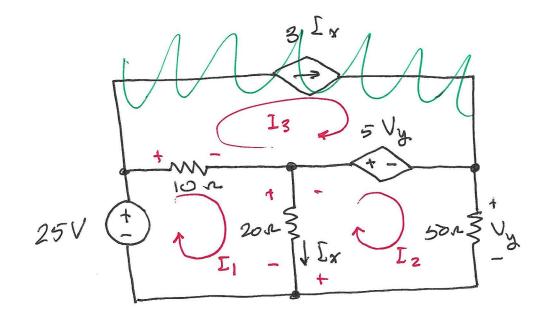




Super Mesh \overline{B} : -50 + 2 \overline{L}_A + 4 \overline{L}_B + 6 \overline{L}_e = 0 $\overline{L}_B - \overline{L}_A$ = 3 \overline{A} $\overline{L}_B - \overline{L}_e$ = 5 \overline{A}

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$$I_{3} = 3I_{x} \qquad (constraint equation)$$

$$-25 + 10(I_{1} \cdot I_{3}) + 20(I_{1} \cdot I_{2}) = 0 \qquad (KVL Remember 1)$$

$$20(I_{2} \cdot I_{1}) + 5V_{y} + 50I_{z} = 0 \qquad (KVL for mesh z)$$

$$I_{x} = J_{1} \cdot J_{z}$$

$$V_{y} = 50I_{z}$$

In maturx form:

 $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 30 & -20 & -10 & 0 & 0 \\ -20 & 70 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -50 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 25 \\ 1_{x} \\ 0 \\ 1_{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$